Sports Medicine & Science Department

National Olympic Academy of I.R. IRAN



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Medical Education Centre



Critical Injuries

Traumatic Injuries

Fractures & Dislocations Skin Ruptures (Wounds) Soft tissue bleeding Ligament injuries (Sprains) **Tendon Injuries** Muscle injuries (Strains) (Contusions) (Cramps) Nerve injuries



Critical Injuries



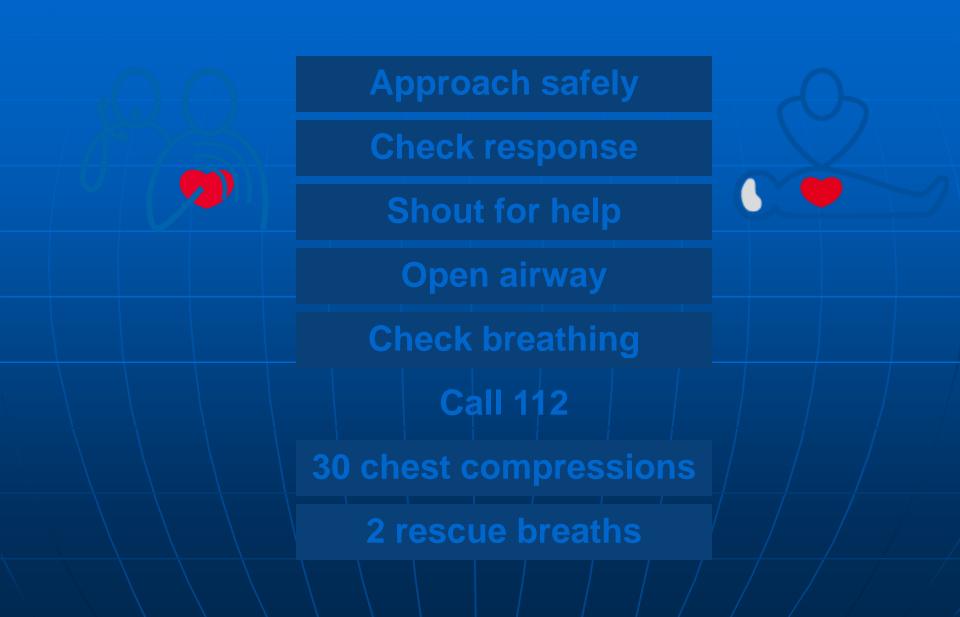




Duties in First Aids

Shouting for help Approach with Care Free of danger Evaluation of ABC • A: Air way **B:** Breathing C: Cardiac (Basic life support)





Approach safely	Approach safely
Check response	Check response
Shout for help	Shout for help
Open airway	Open airway
Check breathing	Check breathing
Call 112	Call 112
30 chest compressions	Attach AED
2 rescue breaths	Follow voice prompts

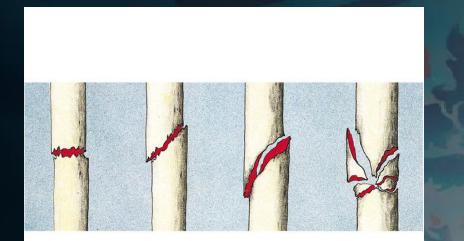


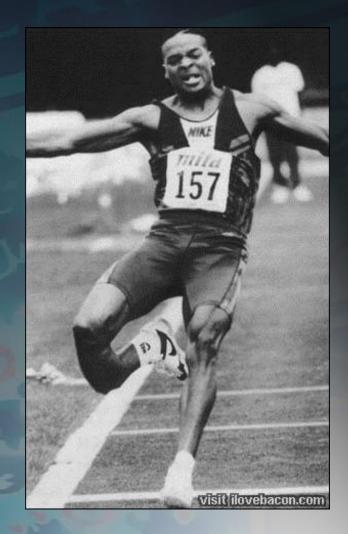
Traumatic Injuries











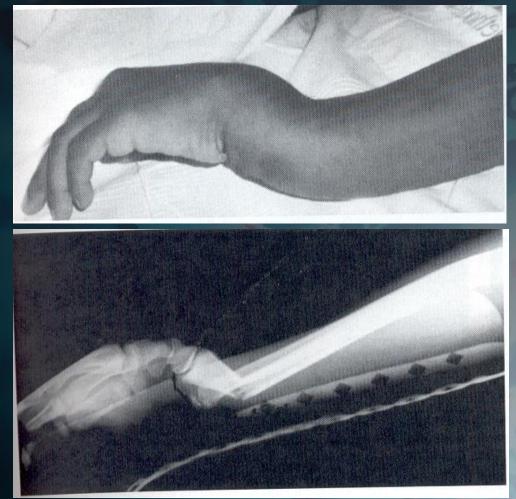










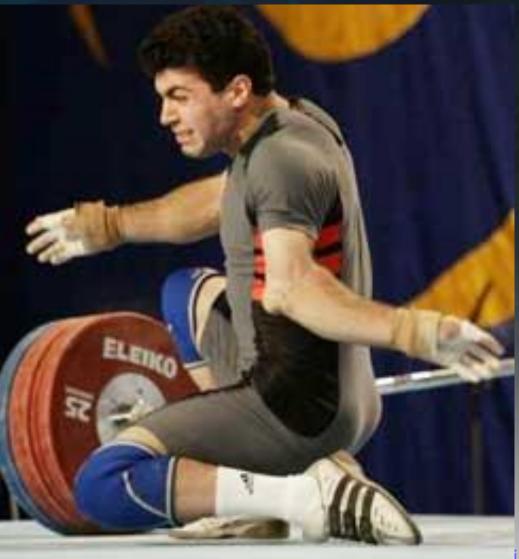




Dislocation













Dislocation

Posterior Elbow Dislocation

Churchill-Livingstone 1994

Medscape 🔍 http://www.medscape.com

Dr. taghavi

BT



Skin Ruptures





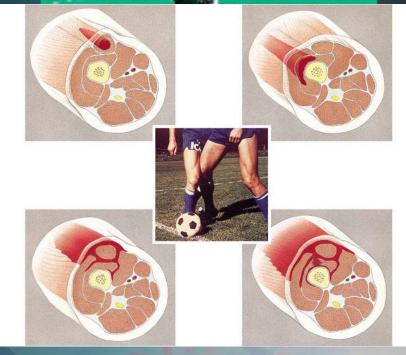
Soft Tissue Bleeding





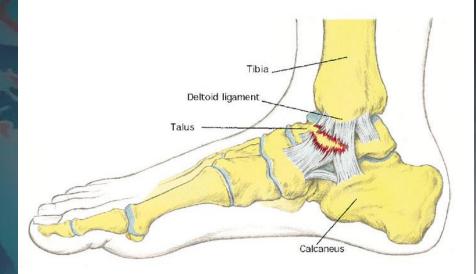








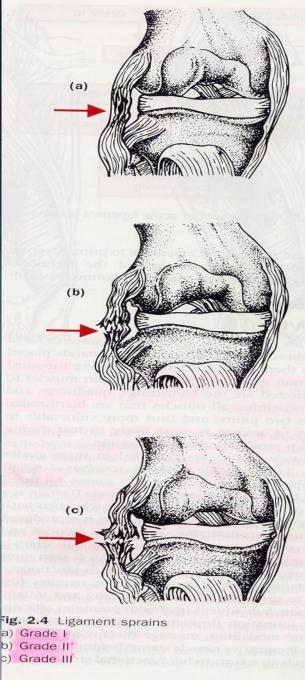
Ligament Injuries



Ligament

- Grade
- I: Some stretched fibers
- II: Proportion of fibers
- III: Complete tear

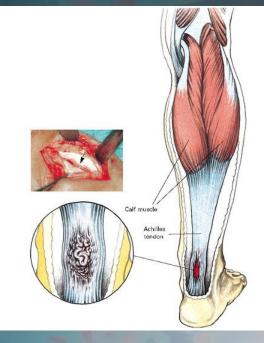






Tendon Injuries

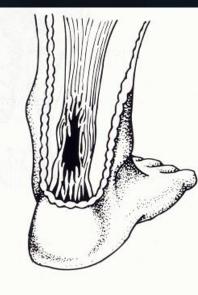




Tendon

A) PartialB) Complete





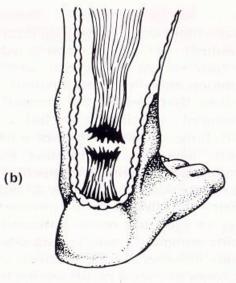


Fig. 2.7 Tendon rupture (a) Partial (b) Complete

(a)



Muscle Injuries



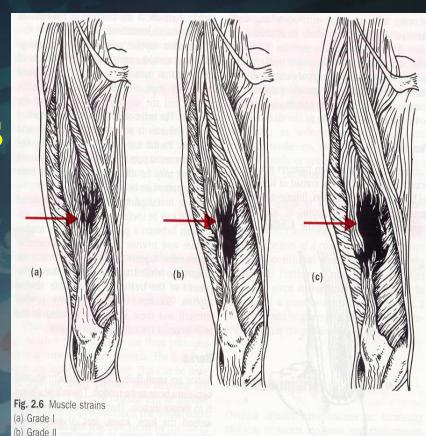






Muscle

- A- Strain/Tear
- Grade I: some fibers
- II: Significant fibers
- III: Complete tear
- B- Contusions
- C- Cramps



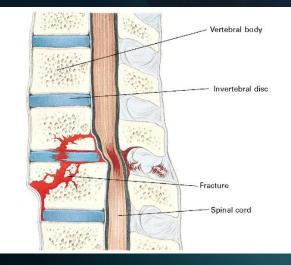
(c) Grade III

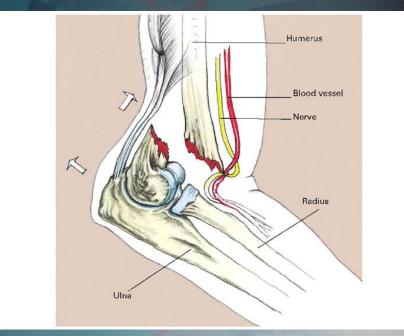






Nerve injuries







Treatment sequences in Sports Injuries

Check for the critical situations
Control of acute phase
Treatment of injury
Rehabilitation
Biomechanical correction
Technique correction

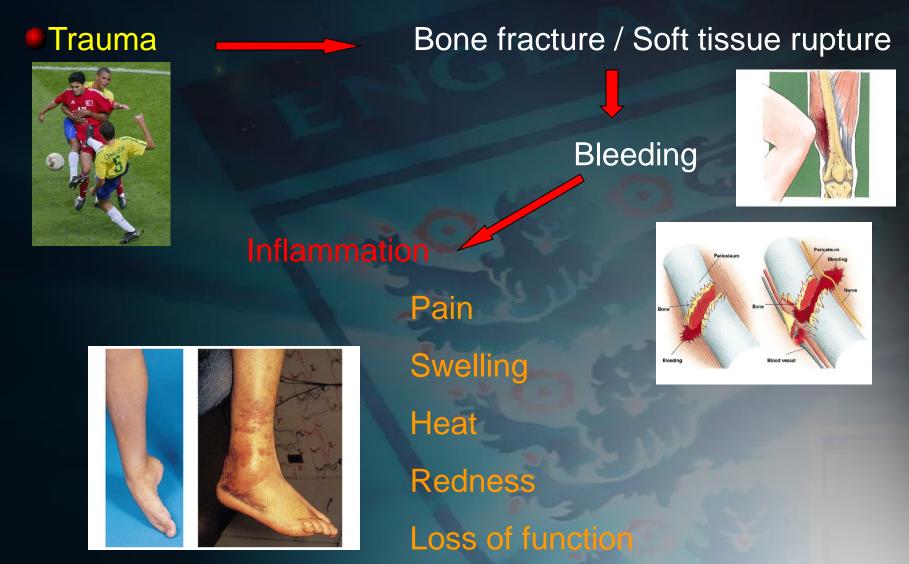


Principle of treatment:

- 1- Minimize the extent of initial damage
- 2- Reduce associated pain and inflammation
- 3- Promote healing of damage tissue.
- 4- Maintain flexibility, strength, proprioception & overall fitness during the healing phase
- 5- Functionally rehabilitate the injured athlete to enable return to sport
- 6- Assess and correct any predisposing factors to reduce the likelihood of recurrence Dr. taghavi



Sports Injuries





PRICED

- Protection
- •Rest
- •lce
- Compression
- •Elevation
- •Drugs



PRICE









PRICE



Cease activity Crutches Slings





PRCE

Reduce Pain - Decreases pain (anelgesic) Vasoconstriction - Reduce bleeding - Reduce BMR of tissue demands on O2 & Nutrients) - Decrease Inflammation Decrease muscle spasm Leave in place for at least 72 hours





PRICE

Compression

Reduce bleeding & swelling

- During & After ice
- Not so tightly
- Distal to proximal
- Leave in place for at least 72 hours





PRICE

Reduces internal bleeding
Eliminates the effects of gravity on blood pooling in the extremities
Assists the veins in returning blood to the heart

- Elevate as much as possible in first 72 hours

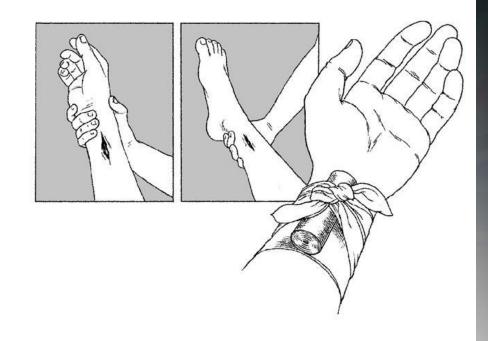
Elevation





PRICE

Bleeding





PRICED

Drugs NSAIDs



Contraindications in the first 24 hours:

- Heat
- Heat rub
- Alcohol
- Moderate/intense activity
- Vigorous massage









Thank you for your

attention.

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